



# ICTR Newsletter

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United Nations International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda

May-June 2010

## ICTR Affirms Commitment to Stump Out Impunity



Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon (left) and former UN Secretary-General Kofi Annan attend the first Review Conference of the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court (ICC), in Kampala, Uganda. UN Photo/Evan Schneider

From 31 May-11 June 2010, over 2500 delegates comprising of Judges, Legal Practitioners, Academics, Diplomats, Politicians, Civil Society, Regional and International Non-Government Organisations, Religious Leaders, and victims of international crimes thronged a little resort on the shores of lake Victoria in Kampala, Uganda for the Review Conference of the Rome Statute of the International Criminal

Court (ICC). The ICTR was represented by all Principals of the three organs namely the President, Judge Dennis Byron, the Prosecutor, Mr. Hassan Bubacar Jallow, and the Registrar, Mr. Adama Dieng. Also with the ICTR Delegation were Richard Karegyesa, OIC Chief of Prosecutions, Helge Zeitler, Assistant to the President, Chiara Biagoni from the Immediate Office of the Registrar and Rosette Muzigo-Morrison from the Registry Office at The Hague.

The Review Conference was convened by the UN Secretary-General pursuant to Article 123 of the Rome Statute which provides *viz*, “Seven years after the entry into force of this Statute the Secretary-General of the United Nations shall convene a Review Conference to consider any amendments to this Statute”. Pre-Conference events included workshops and open dialogue between various human rights oriented groups, all with the one aim of figuring out the best way to stump out impunity and make the permanent Criminal Court most effective as a victims’ oriented court.

At the launching of a special issue of the AFLA Quarterly [AFLA Quarterly is a periodical publication of the Africa Legal Aid, a Pan African NGO devoted to promoting and protecting individual and collective rights throughout Africa

with Offices in The Hague, Accra, Ghana and South Africa] dedicated to the Review Conference, Mr. Adama Dieng hailed the Africa Legal Aid for their relentless efforts to make African issues visible on the international agenda in positive light. Drawing on Africa’s oral tradition, Mr. Dieng challenged African legal practitioners and scholars to take writing more seriously in order to demystify and render void some of the very negative stereotype opinions about Africa and the African people.



Mr. Dieng addressing the Conference

Mr. Dieng was also one of three Key Note Speakers to share the experiences of the *ad hoc* Tribunals and Special Tribunals in the Area of Cooperation. Singling out apprehension of fugitives, witness and victims related issues, enforcement of sentences, providing homes for acquitted persons or those who have completed serving sentences imposed by the Tribunals and host country issues as key areas, Mr. Dieng reminded the gathered States of the crucial role cooperation plays in the administration of justice.

In addition to stock taking on cooperation, the impact of the ICC on affected victim communities, peace and justice were the other areas that were reviewed and resolutions for the way forward adopted. Lastly but not least, amendments were made to the Rome Statute, most notably being the adoption of the Crime of Aggression as one of the crimes under the Court’s jurisdiction although the actual date for its coming into force will be determined at a further conference planned for January 2017.

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## Munyakazi Sentenced to 25 Years Imprisonment



On 30 June 2010, Yussuf Munyakazi, a former businessman in Bugarama, Cyangugu was sentenced to 25 years in prison by Trial Chamber I of the Tribunal, composed of Judges Florence Rita Arrey (Presiding), Mparany Rajohnson and Aydin Sefa Akay. The Chamber found Munyakazi guilty of genocide and extermination as a crime against humanity. He will remain in custody in the UN Detention Facility in Arusha until his transfer to a country where he will serve his sentence.

Trial Chamber I found that Munyakazi was a leader in incidents in Shanghi parish on 29 April 1994 and Mibilizi parish on 30 April 1994 and that he was liable for the deaths of over 5,000 Tutsi civilians. The Chamber did not, however, hold that Munyakazi was part of a joint criminal enterprise. The judges also ruled based on circumstantial evidence that Munyakazi intended to destroy the Tutsi ethnic group in whole or in part. It was ruled that the Prosecution had not proven beyond a reasonable doubt that Munyakazi recruited and trained *Interahamwe*, that he stored or distributed weapons to the *Interahamwe*, that he provided food and support beyond transportation to Shanghi and Mibilizi, or that he took part in an attack in Nyamasheke parish on 16 April 1994.

Munyakazi was charged with genocide, complicity in genocide as an alternative to genocide, and extermination as a crime against humanity. The charges were centered on events between 11 April and 14 May 1994 in Cyangugu and Kibuye *prefectures* in which Munyakazi allegedly incited and participated in acts of violence against Tutsi refugees. Munyakazi was arrested on 5 May 2004 in the Democratic Republic of Congo and was transferred to the UN Detention Facility on 7 May 2004. In his initial appearance on 12 May 2004, Munyakazi pleaded not guilty. Munyakazi's defense team was led by Jwani Mwaikusa and the Prosecution was led by Richard Karegyesa.

## Rwanda and the ICTR Reaffirm their Cooperation

On 30 June 2010, The Honorable Martin Ngoga, Prosecutor General of the Republic of Rwanda and the ICTR Chief of External Relations and Spokesperson Mr. Roland Amoussouga, held a joint press conference at the ICTR Headquarters in Arusha on the status of cooperation between Rwanda and the Tribunal. During the press conference, among other issues, the matter concerning the ongoing case of ICTR Defence Lawyer Peter Erlinder before the Rwandan courts was discussed.

Both Hon. Ngoga and Mr. Amoussouga underlined the good cooperation between Rwanda and the Tribunal, essential for ensuring the smooth functioning of the trials.



From l-r: Mr. Mandiaye Niang, Hon. Martin Ngoga, Mr. Roland Amoussouga and Mr. Bocar Sy

Hon. Ngoga assured the current ICTR Defence lawyers that they can continue their work in Rwanda without fear. He also underlined the commitment of Rwanda to honour its obligations under the Memorandum of Understanding between the Tribunal and Rwanda.

Hon. Ngoga stressed that the case against Mr. Erlinder is not based on his work before the Tribunal and is a specific case that does not have implications for the work of the other Defence counsel. In the opinion of the Rwandan Government, the prosecution of Mr. Erlinder does not violate international law. However, Hon. Ngoga made clear that Rwanda will respect conflicting findings of the ICTR or the UN Office of Legal Affairs.

## ICTR Judicial Activities

### • Work of the Trial Chambers and the Appeals Chamber in May and June 2010

#### 1. Trial Chamber I

##### Judgement Delivery

##### **Munyakazi**

The Chamber delivered the oral summary of its Judgement in the case on 30 June 2010. Yussuf Munyakazi was found guilty of genocide and extermination as a crime against humanity and sentenced to 25 years' imprisonment. The Trial Chamber expects to file the written judgement on 5 July 2010.

#### 2. Trial Chamber II

##### Ongoing trials

##### **Ngirabatware**

On 18 March 2010, the Trial Chamber adjourned the proceedings for the completion of the Prosecution's case-in-chief. On 24 May 2010, the Chamber issued a Decision ordering that if the Prosecution intends to take steps to vary its witness list in order to rebut the alibi, then it should file an appropriate motion by 24 June 2010. If such a motion is granted, the Chamber will schedule the hearing of these witnesses from 23 August through 10 September 2010. Otherwise, the Prosecution's case-in-chief will be deemed closed. The Chamber also scheduled the Defence case to commence on 15 November 2010, which will be expected to continue through 17 December 2010, and from 17 January through 11 February 2011. During the reporting period, the Chamber issued four decisions.



#### Cases where Closing Arguments were heard

##### ***Kanyarukiga***

The Parties filed their closing briefs on 11 May 2010, and closing arguments were heard on 24 May 2010. The Chamber is now involved in deliberations and judgement drafting. The Chamber issued three written decisions in May 2010 and one written order in June 2010.

#### Trials in Judgement Drafting Phase

##### ***Nyiramasuhuko et al. ("Butare")***

The Chamber is involved in deliberations and judgement drafting.

##### ***Nidiliyimana et al. ("Military II")***

**Judgement drafting is in progress.**

##### ***Bizimungu et al.***

Judgement drafting in the case is ongoing.

##### ***Hategekimana***

Judgement drafting is in process.

### **3. Trial Chamber III**

#### Ongoing trials

##### ***Nzabonimana***

The Chamber continued hearing the Defence case, which opened on 14 April, until 3 June 2010. The case then adjourned until 5 July 2010. During the reporting period, 12 Defence witnesses were heard and the Chamber issued nine written and several substantive oral decisions.

##### ***Karemera et al.***

During the reporting period, the Chamber continued hearing Joseph Nzirorera's case, the second of the three accused. On 1 July, Joseph Nzirorera passed away, following sudden complications of a long illness. The Chamber rendered 27 written and oral decisions or orders. Following the arrest in Rwanda of Peter Erlinder, who is Lead Counsel for an accused person before this Tribunal, the three Accused in this Trial filed motions in order to suspend proceedings. These motions were denied by the Chamber.

#### Case awaiting Closing Arguments

##### ***Gatete***

The closing briefs were filed on 25 June 2010. A site visit will take place in Rwanda from 11 to 16 July 2010. Closing arguments will be heard on 2, and if need be 3, August 2010. The Chamber issued three decisions in the reporting period.

#### Case where Closing Arguments were heard

##### ***Ntawukulilyayo***

The case is currently under deliberations as the evidence phase of the trial has been completed. Both parties have submitted their closing briefs and oral closing arguments were heard on 14 June 2010.

#### Trial to commence in 2010

##### ***Ndahimana:***

A Trial Chamber was assigned composed of Judges Arrey (presiding), Tuzmukhamedov and Akay. The trial is scheduled to commence on 6 September 2010.

##### ***Nizeyimana:***

The Pre-Trial Chamber held a status conference with the parties on 10 June 2010. The Prosecution will submit its Pre-Trial Brief on 15 July 2010. During the months of May and June the Chamber rendered seven decisions.

#### Appeals Chamber

The Appeals Chamber is seized of ten matters, including six cases involving appeals from judgement.

The ***Bagosora et al.*** Trial Judgement was pronounced on 18 December 2008 and issued in writing on 9 February 2009. Following an extension of time pending receipt of the French translation of the Trial Judgement on 9 December 2009, Theoneste Bagosora filed his notice of appeal on 8 January 2010. Aloys Ntabakuze and Anatole Nsengiyumva filed their notices of appeal in March 2009. The briefing in respect of Ntabakuze's and Nsengiyumva's appeals is completed. The briefing continues in respect of Bagosora's appeal.

In the ***Rukundo*** case, in which the Trial Judgement was rendered on 27 February 2009 and issued in writing on 13 March 2009, and in which the briefing of the appeals concluded on 10 May 2010, the appeals were heard in Arusha on 15 June 2010. Deliberations and Judgement drafting are in progress.

In the ***Kalimanzira*** case, in which the Trial Judgement was rendered on 22 June 2009, both Callixte Kalimanzira and the prosecution filed notices of appeal in July 2009. The briefing in this case concluded on 13 April 2010 and the appeals were heard in Arusha on 14 June 2010. Deliberations and Judgement drafting are in progress.

In the ***Renzaho*** case, in which the Trial Judgement was rendered on 14 July 2009, Tharcisse Renzaho filed his notice of appeal on 2 October 2009. The briefing in this appeal concluded on 5 May 2010 and the appeal was heard in Arusha on 16 June 2010. Deliberations and Judgement drafting are in progress.

The Trial Judgement in the ***Muvunyi*** case was rendered on 11 February 2010. On 15 March 2010, both Tharcisse Muvunyi and the prosecution filed their notices of appeal. The briefing in respect of the prosecution's appeal is completed and is continuing in respect of Muvunyi's appeal.

The Trial Judgement in the ***Setako*** case was rendered on 25 February 2010 and issued in writing on 1 March 2010. Both parties filed notices of appeal and the briefing is in progress.

The Trial Judgement in the ***Nsengimana*** case was pronounced on 17 November 2009 and issued in writing on 18 January 2010. On 17 February 2010, the

prosecution indicated that it did not intend to appeal Nsengimana's acquittal. The prosecution is, however, appealing against a decision of the Trial Chamber not to prosecute certain members of the defence team for contempt.

In addition to these appeals, the Appeals Chamber is seized of two interlocutory matters in the *Karemwa et al.* and *Nzabonimana* cases as well as a request for review in the *Kamuhanda* case.

On 17 May 2010, the Appeals Chamber partly granted Joseph Nzirorera's interlocutory appeal finding, *inter alia*, that the Trial Chamber erred in holding that the prosecution does not have an ongoing obligation to produce relevant material subject to a sufficiently specific request for inspection pursuant to Rule 66(B) of the Rules.

In May and June, the Appeals Chamber disposed of two interlocutory appeals and one request for reconsideration, and issued 28 pre-appeal orders or decisions.

### The Appeals Chamber Hears Oral Arguments in the Kalimanzira Case

The Appeals Chamber of the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda, composed of Judge Theodor Meron, presiding, Judge Mehmet Güney, Judge Fausto Pocar, Judge Andréia Vaz, and Judge Carmel Agius, on 15 June 2010 heard oral arguments in the appeals lodged by Callixte Kalimanzira and the Prosecution against the Judgement rendered by Trial Chamber III on 22 June 2009.

The Trial Chamber found Kalimanzira guilty of instigating and aiding and abetting genocide at the Butare-Gisagara roadblock around 22 April 1994 and for aiding and abetting genocide at Kabuye hill on 23 April 1994 and at the inauguration of Élie Ndayambaje as bourgmestre of Muganza Commune on 22 June 1994. In addition, it found Kalimanzira guilty for direct and public incitement to commit genocide at the Jaguar roadblock in mid to late April 1994, at the Kajyanama roadblock in late-April 1994, at the Gisagara marketplace at the end of May 1994, and at the Nyabisagara football field in late-May or early June 1994. Kalimanzira was sentenced to a single term of 30 years of imprisonment.

Kalimanzira contends that the Trial Chamber committed a number of errors of fact and law, and accordingly requests the Appeals Chamber to overturn his convictions. The Prosecution requests that the Appeals Chamber enter a conviction for ordering or committing genocide in relation to the events at the Butare-Gisagara roadblock and Kabuye hill and increase Kalimanzira's sentence to life-imprisonment.

Kalimanzira was born in 1953 in Muganza Commune, Butare Prefecture, Rwanda. He joined the Ministry of Interior in January 1992 and served as *directeur de cabinet*, the ministry's second most senior official, from September of that year through to the relevant events of 1994.

### Closing Arguments Submitted in Ntawukuliyayo Trial

The closing arguments in the case of Dominique Ntawukuliyayo, who is charged with genocide (alternatively, complicity in genocide), and direct and public incitement to commit genocide, were presented on 14 June 2010 before Trial Chamber III, composed of Judges Khalida Rachid Khan (presiding), Lee Gacuiga Muthoga, and Aydin Sefa Akay. The Prosecution requested the Defendant's conviction and life imprisonment; the Defense requested his acquittal.

Speaking for the Prosecution, Ms. Themble Segoete presented arguments meant to establish Ntawukuliyayo's control over soldiers at Kabuye Hill and his subsequent responsibility for their actions, as well as his direct personal contributions.

Addressing the court, Ntawukuliyayo expressed his ongoing sadness over the events at Kabuye and of the genocide as a whole, and thanked those involved with his trial. The Defense, led by Mr. Maroufa Diabira (Mauritania), argued that many of the Prosecution's witnesses were unreliable, that the Prosecution had not proven its case beyond a reasonable doubt, and that the Defendant's actions and good character support his innocence.

Ntawukuliyayo, former *sous-prefet* of Gisagara *sous-prefecture* in Butare *prefecture*, is alleged to have played a leading role in the events at Kabuye Hill in Gisagara on 23 and 24 April 1994. At Kabuye, Tutsi refugees were encouraged and in some cases forced to gather on the hill; they were later killed by militiamen and government soldiers. Ntawukuliyayo was arrested in France on 16 October 2007 and transferred to the UN detention facility in Arusha on 5 June 2008. He made his first appearance in court on 10 June 2008.

Judgement of the case will be delivered on a date to be announced later.

### • Closing Arguments Submitted in Kanyarukiga Trial



The closing arguments in the case of Gaspard Kanyarukiga were presented on 24 May 2010, before Trial Chamber II of the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda. The Prosecution offered a two-hour closing statement and a one-hour rebuttal, as did the

Defense. In its first speech, the Prosecution requested that the Defendant be sentenced to life imprisonment, while the Defense pleaded for his acquittal.

Kanyarukiga, a former businessman, is charged with three counts: genocide, complicity in genocide (as an alternative to genocide), and extermination as a crime against humanity, all in connection with an incident in Nyange wherein two thousand Tutsi refugees were killed when the church in which they were sheltering was bulldozed on 16 April 1994.



Defense Counsel initially requested that the entirety of the closing arguments be given in a closed session due to the difficulty of making effective arguments while preserving witness confidentiality. After this request was denied, all arguments, with the exception of one element of the Prosecution's rebuttal, were held in open session. The Prosecution focused on the testimony of its ten witnesses that placed Kanyarukiga in meetings with other perpetrators (Gregoire Ndahimana, Fulgence Kayishema, and others) and at the scene of the crime between 8 and 16 of April 1994.

In support of Kanyarukiga's plea of 'not guilty,' the Defense presented an alibi supported by 23 witnesses that Kanyarukiga was travelling to Ndera to aid his family during the period in question. The Defense also raised numerous procedural issues, claiming that the case was prejudiced.

Mr. David Jacobs (Canada) spoke for the Defense, and Ms. Holo Makwaia (Tanzania) represented the Prosecution. Kanyarukiga was arrested in South Africa on 16 July 2004. Kanyarukiga declined to make any final statements in his case, beyond thanking the judges. The case is now closed and a judgement is expected to be delivered in July 2010.

• **Appeals Chamber Hears Parties' Arguments in Renzaho Case**

The Appeals Chamber of the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda, composed of Judge Carmel Agius, presiding, Judge Mehmet Güney, Judge Fausto Pocar, Judge Liu Daqun and Judge Theodor Meron, heard oral arguments on 16 June 2010 regarding the appeal by Tharcisse Renzaho against the Judgement rendered by Trial Chamber I on 14 July 2009.



The case concerns Mr. Renzaho's responsibility in relation to events that took place in Kigali-Ville prefecture between April and June 1994.

The Trial Chamber found Mr. Renzaho guilty, pursuant to Article 6(1) of the Statute of the Tribunal of genocide (Count 1); murder as a crime against humanity (Count 3); and murder as a serious violation of Article 3 Common to the Geneva Conventions and Additional Protocol II (Count 5). In addition, it convicted Renzaho pursuant to Article 6(3) of the Statute for his responsibility as a superior for genocide (Count 1); murder as a crime against humanity (Count 3); rape as a crime against humanity (Count 4); and rape as a serious violation of Article 3 Common to the Geneva Conventions and Additional Protocol II (Count 6). The Trial Chamber imposed a single sentence of imprisonment for the remainder of Renzaho's life.

Renzaho alleges that the Trial Chamber committed numerous errors of law and fact and accordingly requests the Appeals Chamber to overturn his convictions and to order his release or, in the alternative, to quash his life sentence and substitute it

with an appropriate sentence. The Prosecution opposes the relief sought and asks the Appeals Chamber to dismiss all grounds of the appeal.

Renzaho was born on 17 July 1944 in the Kabare-1 sector, Kigarama commune, Kibungo prefecture, Rwanda. A Rwandan Army Officer, he was promoted to the rank of colonel in July 1992. In 1994, he was prefect of Kigali-Ville prefecture, a position he held since October 1990. He left Rwanda in early July 1994 and was arrested in the Democratic Republic of Congo ("DRC") on 29 September 2002.

• **The Appeals Chamber Hears Oral Arguments in the Rukundo Case**

The Appeals Chamber of the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda, composed of Judge Fausto Pocar, presiding, Judge Mehmet Güney, Judge Liu Daqun, Judge Theodor Meron, and Judge Carmel Agius, on 15 June 2010 heard oral arguments in the appeals lodged by Emmanuel Rukundo and the Prosecution against the Judgement pronounced by Trial Chamber II on 27 February 2009.



The Trial Chamber found Rukundo guilty of genocide through his participation in the killing of Madame Rudahunga and the causing of serious bodily harm to four other Tutsis who were abducted from Saint Joseph's College, the abduction and killing of Tutsis from the Saint Léon Minor Seminary, and the sexual assault of a Tutsi woman at the seminary. In addition, it convicted Rukundo for murder as a crime against humanity for the killing of Madame Rudahunga and for extermination as a crime against humanity for his participation in the abduction and killings of Tutsis from the Saint Léon Minor Seminary. The Trial Chamber sentenced Rukundo to a single term of 25 years of imprisonment.

Rukundo contends that the Trial Chamber committed a number of errors of fact and law, and accordingly requests the Appeals Chamber to overturn his convictions or in the alternative to reduce his sentence. The Prosecution requests the Appeals Chamber to increase Rukundo's sentence to life-imprisonment.

Rukundo was born on 1 December 1959 in Mukingi Commune, Gitarama Prefecture, Rwanda. He was ordained as a priest on 28 July 1991. In February 1993, Rukundo was appointed as a military chaplain for the Rwandan army, a position he maintained throughout the relevant events.

**Judge Florence Rita Arrey re-elected to the IAWJ Board of Directors**

Judge Florence Rita Arrey, one of the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda's *Ad Litem* Judges, who currently presides in the case, *Prosecutor versus Yussuf Munyakazi*, was re-elected to the International Association of Women Judges (IAWJ) Board of Directors at its 10<sup>th</sup> Biennial International Conference



in Seoul, South Korea. Judge Arrey represents the Africa region along with Hon. Joyce Alouch (Kenya) of the International Criminal Court, The Hague, Netherlands. Judge Arrey joined the Tribunal in October 2003.

With more than 4000 members worldwide in more than 90 countries, the IAWJ has united women judges from diverse judicial and legal systems through conferences and projects advocating the advancement of human and women's rights, eliminating gender discrimination and making justice accessible to all. The Association has a consultative and observer status with the United Nations. In addition, all the female judges here at the Tribunal are members of the IAWJ. The theme of this year's conference was 'Judicial Challenges in a Changing World'.

The next IAWJ world conference will be held in London in 2012.

### More Prosecution Case Files Transferred to Rwanda



*Justice Jallow handing over electronic files to Hon. Ngoga*

Twenty-five cases of persons investigated but not indicted by the Tribunal were transferred from the Office of the Prosecutor (OTP) to Rwanda for further investigation and possible future action on 8 June

2010. This action was undertaken in accordance with UN Security Council Resolution 1503, which urges that appropriate cases be prosecuted in competent national jurisdictions. Justice Hassan Bubacar Jallow, Prosecutor of the ICTR, formally handed over electronic and hard copies of the cases to Prosecutor-General of Rwanda, Mr. Martin Ngoga.

Justice Jallow said that the transfer emphasizes the partnership between the OTP and Rwanda's national jurisdiction. He commended the Rwandese government for the improvements it has made to Rwanda's judicial infrastructure and capacity. Justice Jallow also noted his intentions to continue pursuing the transfer of further cases to Rwanda, including a number of cases in which the subjects have already been indicted, pursuant to Rule 11bis.

Mr. Ngoga said that the transfer is "a vote of confidence", in Rwanda's past and present efforts at improvement. He noted that Rwanda remains ready to receive any future cases from ICTR. He also noted that though Rwanda, "did not succeed in the past," the government has now addressed the concerns raised by the Tribunal's Judges. Mr. Ngoga thanked the Office of the Prosecutor for its partnership and pledged to keep the Tribunal apprised of Rwanda's handling of the cases.

30 case files have been transferred to Rwanda previously, bringing the total number of dossiers transferred to 55.

### Togolese Minister of Foreign Affairs and Regional Integration Visits the Tribunal



*Judge Byron with HE Koffi Esaw*

His Excellency, Koffi Esaw, Minister of Foreign Affairs and Regional Integration of the Republic of Togo visited the Tribunal from 3-4 May 2010. The purpose of the visit was to familiarize himself with the operations and resources of the Tribunal and to learn from the ICTR's multifaceted achievements and challenges within the framework of its completion strategy.

Mr. Esaw was accompanied by the Secretary-General of the Ministry, Mr. Kokou Kpayedo, and the Technical Adviser of the Ministry of Cooperation and Urban Planning, Mr. Kwamee Okoua. The Togolese group was the 3rd francophone African delegation that the



Tribunal has recently welcomed to its headquarters, after Senegal and Burkina Faso.

The delegation paid courtesy calls on some of the key principals of the Tribunal, namely the President, Judge Dennis Byron and the Acting Chief of Judicial and Legal Services Division, Mr. Pascal Besnier, representing the Registrar. Earlier, the delegation was given a comprehensive briefing on the structure and work of the Tribunal by the ICTR Spokesperson, Mr. Roland Amoussouga. The delegation also met the Chief of Appeals and Legal Advisory Division, Dr. Alex Obote-Odora, representing the Prosecutor. The ICTR officials commended the cooperation demonstrated by Togo in the arrest of two genocide suspects on its territory and in the transfer of witnesses to the Tribunal for the purpose of testifying.

The delegation expressed interest in learning from the Tribunal's experience and best practices. In this regard, various working sessions were organized with the Court Management Section for the management of judicial archives and real-time transcript production. A guided tour of the ICTR Library and the United Nations Detention Facility was a highlight of the visit of the Togolese Delegation.

## Tribunal Begins Receiving Entries to the Drawing and Essay Competition

by Mary Musau, ICTR intern



Mary Musau,  
ICTR intern

The Tribunal has begun receiving entries to the ICTR Painting and Essay Competition from students. The competition, involving students from 74 schools in the five East African countries – Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Burundi and Rwanda - aims at sensitizing the youth in the region on "The Role of the Tribunal in Promoting International Justice."

Schools whose entries have already reached the Tribunal include Kenya High and Makini schools from Kenya; Bukoba Sacred Hearts, Ilboru High and St Joseph Ngarenaro High in Arusha and Mzizima Secondary School in Dar es Salaam. More entries are expected to arrive before the deadline of 30 June 2010.

The Panel to judge the entries has already been appointed by the Registrar as follows:

**Drawings Panel:** Sylive Van Driessche, Secretary; Ahmed Sow, Edwin Ocloo-Sewor, Holo Makwaia, Suzanne Chenault.

**Essays Panel:** Constant Hometownu, Secretary, Karine Ardault, Ayodeji Fadugba, Alphonse Van, Richard Karegyesa.

Ms. Sarah Kilemi, Chief, DASS is the Chairperson of both the Panels.

The Essay and Drawing Competition is for students

aged between 8-16 years. The competition basically consists of answers to basic questions such as; what is International Justice; what is the Contribution of the Tribunal to National Reconciliation; and How Does the Tribunal fight Impunity.

The Competition, which is financed by the German Government, is part of the Tribunal's Educational and Outreach campaign to raise awareness of the youth in the region in the global fight against the culture of impunity, following the tragic events which led to genocide in Rwanda in 1994. The Competition seeks to encourage the youth to unleash their creative side in drawings and essays. It also aims at highlighting the work of the Tribunal in terms of its achievements and the role it is playing in promoting justice and national reconciliation in Rwanda.

The prize giving ceremony for the winners will form part of the UN Day celebrations on 25 October 2010.

## An Introduction to your Staff Counselling & Welfare Unit



The new ICTR Staff Counsellor is Ms Francesca Paola Crabu. Ms Crabu is based in Arusha and will travel to Kigali periodically to provide Counselling sessions to the staff there. Francesca is a Clinical Psychologist from "Alma Mater Studiorum" University in Bologna (Italy). In addition she has specialized in various fields such as:

"Psychological Disaster Management", "Trauma and Recovery", "Education and International Cooperation". She has previously worked in Haiti, Yemen, Iraq, Afghanistan, Darfur, Peru, Burundi and Italy.

Counselling service allows individuals to access support from a qualified Clinical Psychologist. The Staff Counsellor is here to help ICTR staff members deal with a range of problems, perceived as big or small, which may affect their personal lives and/or performance at work.

The services of the Staff Counsellor are meant for all UNICTR staff members and eligible dependants.

The goal of the Staff Counsellor is to **enhance the well-being of the staff, respond to their psychosocial needs** and help in improving the overall **functioning of the organization**.

**When to Contact the Staff Counsellor?** (The list is by no means exhaustive)

- When you are facing difficulties adapting to the new environment.
- When you have **work related** issues that become overwhelming: unrealistic deadlines, overwork, non recognition of work, a difficult boss/staff.
- When there are interpersonal concerns: frequent



conflicts, difficulties with colleagues, family and subordinates.

- When you are over-whelmed by work or disorganized.
- When you are easily frustrated, irritable, impatient, preoccupied.
- When you find it difficult to relax.
- When facing alcohol-substance abuse period.
- When there is a change in your eating and/or sleeping habits.
- When life seems full of crises.
- When dealing with loss and grief.
- When no one to talk to.
- When away from family, friends and people who are important to you?

### What about confidentiality?

**Confidentiality is an imperative and important issue. That is why no records or notes are taken during the Counselling sessions. Staff Counsellor cannot reveal to anyone the content of sessions, under any circumstance.**

Please feel free to contact your Staff Counsellor and make use of her services:

*Francesca Paola Crabu, ICTR Staff Counsellor*  
Office S-349 ext 4127, mob. 0784 4000 30  
e-mail : [crabuf@un.org](mailto:crabuf@un.org)  
In cases of **emergency** she is available 24/7

*Or through her assistant*  
*Sophie Obala (Welfare assistant)*  
Office S-348-A ext 5905  
e-mail : [obala@un.org](mailto:obala@un.org)

### Intern's Orientation for June-August 2010 Intake

On 8 June 2010, the President of the ICTR, Judge Dennis Byron open the Interns' Orientation one-day seminar. During his welcome speech to the 80 interns present on the occasion; he appraised the work accomplished by the Tribunal and its efforts to pursue its Completion Strategy by 2011.

The orientation was organized by Mr Ahmed Iyane Sow, Chief, Legal Services and Internship Programme Unit assisted by Ms Felicia Medigane, the Internship Coordinator. Chiefs or representatives of the various Divisions spoke about their work.

The interns selected Sidi Dieng from Senegal as their president and Joel Sanderson from the USA as the vice president. The two will work together to promote the welfare of all interns, organize activities and act as the link between the administration and the rest of the interns.

### Sixth Annual Fundraising Dinner/Dance of the Arusha Spouses Association (ASA)

The Arusha Spouses Association (ASA) held its sixth annual fundraising dinner/dance on Saturday, 29 May

2010 at the La Bella Luna Restaurant, Arusha.

The well-attended event was characterised by the usual savoury and sumptuous dishes from over twenty countries, a spectacular cultural display, raffle and auction of fantastic prizes (including seven air tickets) and dancing and fun till the early hours of Sunday morning.

In her opening remarks, the President of ASA, Mrs Fatou Jaye Jallow welcomed all the guests to what has now become the annual family gathering of the UNICTR in Arusha. She thanked all those present as well as ASA's sponsors for their unflinching support, encouragement and generous donations to the association and its activities since its inception in June 2004. She noted that ASA would not have been able to come this far without their continued and constant support and collaboration.

The Chief Guest of Honour on the occasion, Mrs Ayodeji E. Fadugba who is also the Chief of the Information and Evidence Support Section (IESS) in the Office of the Prosecutor, gave an impressive profile of ASA and called on all to give it the maximum support it deserves in its humanitarian and charity work. She donated the amount of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) towards the event meant for the ASA's water project.

As promised its supporters and sponsors, the funds raised during Saturday's function will be used to construct more water points/boreholes in needy communities in Arusha. This is a follow up to the construction of two water points fitted with cost effective manual hand pumps in the Oloirien community who were in dire need of portable water supply and which were inaugurated on 10 April 2010. This will no doubt go a long way in the realization of this project that ASA is so passionate about. As women and mothers, it's more than determined to providing clean and safe drinking water to communities that lack this most basic human need and which touch on the very existence of humankind. The project will commence very soon and will be completed by the end of the year and all those who donated will be informed accordingly.

At the end of the programme, ASA was able to raise eleven million (TSh11,000,000) Tanzanian Shillings and seven thousand US Dollars (\$7,000). This is the first time ASA has raised such an amount since it started its fundraising activities and more donations are still expected.

The entire membership of ASA would like to convey its most sincere and heartfelt gratitude and very deep appreciation to Mrs Fadugba for her very handsome and generous donation, all the Judges who were present, the MC Mr Oscar Tanifum, each and every one who graced the occasion and especially to all those men and women who participated in the cultural display from thirteen (13) different countries in Europe, Asia and Africa.

*(pictures on next page)*



6th Annual Dinner/Dance of the Arusha Spouses' Association (ASA) in Pictures





## ICTR Golfers Sponsor Golf Tournament



*(l-r): Mr. Moreta Berroa, Ms. Rani Dogra, Mr. Birkumar Rai, Judge S Park and Mrs Park, Ms. Nana Moeljadi holding the farewell plaque presented by her fellow golfing colleagues and Mr. Bhavi Mukhia*

The first of its kind this year, nine golfers from ICTR sponsored and paid for all the expenses of a Golf tournament on Sunday, 13 June 2010 at Arusha

Gymkhana Club (AGC). The competition proved to be a great success. The chairman, Mr. Richard Gomes and Captain Dr. Frisby of AGC, on behalf of all club members subsequently appreciated and praised the sponsorship in their speeches during the prize giving ceremony. A total of twelve attractive prizes were given away to the winners and T-shirts distributed to all the players as well as caddies. The ICTR golfers provided refreshments at the 9<sup>th</sup> hole and dinner after the prize giving ceremony. The turn-out of golfers was as good as in any other competitions. The ICTR Golfers generously donated Tsh 300,000 to the Club Captain towards the ongoing club house development. Though not an official event, the ICTR golfers have every reason to organize this meaningful event among many of our local counterparts, business agencies and people in order to maintain and symbolize our Goodwill. The ICTR golfers also presented a farewell plaque with their names engraved on it to popular colleague and golfer Nana Moeljadi, who is retiring from the Tribunal. In her farewell message, Ms Moeljadi thanked all golfing partners and said "the world has become a global village, I hope to meet you all again in the near future".